

DRILL LOG

PAGE 1 OF 3			PROJECT REIN		HOLE 97-07						
DEPTH (M)	% CORE REC	% RQD	LITHOLOGY	STRUCTURE	GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	ALTERATION					FRACTURE INTENSITY
						CA	W	LT	SS	CH	
0-7.92					OVER BURDEN						
7.92-16.00	44	0			CHERTY ARGILLITE						
					DARK GREY IN COLOUR WITH UNSCRATCHABLE						
					MATRIX. NO REACTION TO HCL. ABUNDANT						
					JAROSITE THROUGHOUT ON FRACTURE SURFACES.						
					CORE IS EXTREMELY RUBBLE SO NO STRUCTURAL						
					MEASUREMENTS OBTAINED. VERY WEAK CALCITE VEINING						
					NOTED IN LARGER PIECES OF CORE. GRAIN SIZE IS						
					UNIFORMLY FINE THROUGHOUT THE UNIT. LOWER CONTACT						
					GRADATIONAL. (UNIT IS NON-CONDUCTIVE)						
16.0-23.2	16	0			BLACK SHALE.						
					VERY SOFT & FRIABLE. UNIT IS MASSIVE AND HAS						
					A LOCAL WEAK REACTION TO HCL. FINE GRAINED						
					THROUGHOUT. (UNIT IS VERY WEAKLY CONDUCTIVE)						
23.16m - 24.38m					NO RECOVERY						
24.4-32.7					CALCAREOUS BARITE HORIZON.						
					LIGHT GRAY IN COLOUR WITH FINE TO MEDIUM GRAIN SIZE						
					THE UNIT REACTS STRONGLY TO HCL. THE UNIT IS MODERATELY						
					MINERALIZED WITH CALCITE AND IS USUALLY DISSEMINATED IN						
					SOME SECTIONS. THE MATRIX OF THE BRECCIATION						
					IS CALCITE AND IT APPEARS AS THOUGH SOME OF THE						
					SEDIMENTS WERE TAKEN UP INTO THE BARITE						
					HORIZON DURING BRECCIATION. THE BEDDING IS						
					VARIABLE THROUGHOUT. THE UPPER 1.5m OF THE						
					INTERVAL HAS MODERATE JAROSITE ON THE FRACTURES.						
					LOWER CONTACT IN RUBBLY CORE						
32.7-40.6					CALCAREOUS ARGILLITE						
					DARK GREY IN COLOUR WITH UNIFORMLY FINE						
					GRAIN SIZE. THE UNIT IS VERY HARD AND						
					REACTS STRONGLY TO HCL. CALCITE VEINING						
					IS WEAK OVERALL BUT AT THE TOP OF THE						
					UNIT IT IS SLIGHTLY MORE INTENSE. IN THIS						
					NARROW ZONE ABUNDANT VEINING MINOR AMOUNTS						
					OF JAROSITE WAS OBSERVED WITH MINOR JAROSITE						
					ALSO. NO REACTION TO HCL. ZAP OBSERVED.						
					LOWER IN THE UNIT ARE SLIGHTLY COARSER GRAINED						
					SILT INTERFINGERS WHICH ARE RELATIVELY CARBONACEOUS.						

